

Premium Certified Reference Material RRM Fe-121

PRODUCT: IRON ORE Pilbara Region Western Australian CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Certificate Number: RRM CRM Fe-121 Rev 000

Date: 5 June 2017

Table 1 Fe-121 Constituents (ISO 2596:2006 Hygroscopic Moisture Corrected)

Analyte (Unit)	Assigned value	Standard Deviation		95% Confidence Limits		Number of Laboratories	Number of Analyses	Mean of number of analyses per Laboratory
		Within Laboratory	Between Laboratory	Lower	Upper			
Fe (%)	54,55	0,20	0,20	54,45	54,64	9	20	2,2
Fe calculated (%)	54,61	0,05	0,07	54,57	56,65	9	20	2,2
SiO ₂ (%)	12,64	0,04	0,07	12,60	12,68	9	20	2,2
Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	2,32	0,02	0,02	2,31	2,33	9	20	2,2
TiO ₂ (%)	0,075	0,003	0,003	0,074	0,077	9	20	2,2
Mn (%)	0,154	0,004	0,004	0,152	0,156	9	20	2,2
CaO (%)	0,043	0,001	0,002	0,041	0,044	9	20	2,2
MgO (%)	0,059	0,005	0,006	0,055	0,062	9	20	2,2
K ₂ O (%)	0,016	0,001	0,001	0,015	0,016	9	20	2,2
Na ₂ O (%)	0,013	0,006	0,011	0,006	0,020	8	19	2,4
P (%)	0,056	-	0,001	0,055	0,057	9	20	2,2
S (%)	0,020	-	0,001	0,019	0,021	8	16	2,0
LOI-371 %	5,34	0,06	0,11	5,22	5,45	3	26	8,7
LOI-425 %	5,56	0,02	0,04	5,53	5,59	8	42	5,3
LOI-650 %	6,07	0,03	0,07	6,02	6,11	8	42	5,3
LOI-1000 %	6,30	0,08	0,08	6,28	6,33	11	45	4,1
Cl (%)	0,002	-	0,001	0,001	0,003	8	18	2,3
As (%)	0,005	0,001	0,003	0,003	0,007	8	19	2,4
Ba (%)	0,001	0,001	0,001	-	0,001	8	19	2,4
Co (%)	0,002	0,001	0,001	0,001	0,003	8	19	2,4
Cu (%)	0,003	0,001	0,002	0,002	0,004	8	19	2,4
Cr (%)	0,012	-	0,001	0,012	0,013	3	6	2,0
Ni (%)	0,002	-	0,002	-	0,003	7	15	2,1
Pb (%)	0,002	0,001	0,001	0,002	0,003	8	19	2,4
Sn (%)	0,002	0,001	0,002	0,001	0,004	8	19	2,4
Sr (%)	-	-	-	-	-	7	15	2,1
V (%)	-	-	-	-	-	7	15	2,1
Zn (%)	0,001	-	0,001	0,001	0,002	7	18	2,6
Zr (%)	0,003	0,001	0,001	0,002	0,004	7	18	2,6

Table 2 Fe-121 Constituents (non-hygroscopically moisture corrected)

Analyte (Unit)	Assigned value	Standard Deviation		95% Confidence Limits		Number of Laboratories	Number of Analyses	Mean of number of analyses per Laboratory
		Within Laboratory	Between Laboratory	Lower	Upper			
Fe (%)	54,41	0,09	0,19	54,32	54,50	15	56	3,7
Fe calculated (%)	54,47	0,05	0,08	54,43	54,50	15	56	3,7
SiO ₂ (%)	12,62	0,05	0,07	12,59	12,65	15	56	3,7
Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	2,30	0,01	0,02	2,29	2,31	15	56	3,7
TiO ₂ (%)	0,078	0,001	0,002	0,077	0,078	15	56	3,7
Mn (%)	0,152	0,001	0,002	0,151	0,153	15	56	3,7
CaO (%)	0,039	0,001	0,006	0,036	0,042	15	56	3,7
MgO (%)	0,044	0,006	0,020	0,033	0,054	15	56	3,7
K ₂ O (%)	0,016	0,001	0,003	0,014	0,017	14	52	3,7
Na ₂ O (%)	0,018	0,006	0,009	0,013	0,022	10	37	3,7
P (%)	0,057	0,001	0,001	0,057	0,057	15	56	3,7
S (%)	0,019	0,001	0,003	0,017	0,020	14	52	3,7
LOI-371 %	5,50	0,05	0,09	5,44	5,56	7	42	6,0
LOI-425 %	5,77	0,05	0,12	5,65	5,88	4	26	6,5
LOI-650 %	6,24	0,05	0,08	6,19	6,30	8	43	5,4
LOI-1000 %	6,56	0,03	0,12	6,49	6,62	17	79	4,6
Cl (%)	0,002	-	0,002	0,001	0,004	6	21	3,5
As (%)	0,009	0,003	0,004	0,006	0,012	6	21	3,5
Ba (%)	0,001	-	0,002	-	0,003	5	14	2,8
Co (%)	0,001	-	0,001	-	0,002	7	25	3,6
Cu (%)	0,004	0,002	0,002	0,003	0,005	8	27	3,4
Cr (%)	0,015	0,001	0,001	0,014	0,016	7	24	3,4
Ni (%)	0,002	0,002	0,002	-	0,004	2	4	2,0
Pb (%)	0,002	-	0,002	-	0,004	4	14	3,5
Sn (%)	0,002	-	0,002	-	0,005	4	14	3,5
Sr (%)	0,005	0,001	0,006	-	0,012	3	6	2,0
V (%)	0,001	0,001	0,001	-	0,001	2	4	2,0
Zn (%)	0,002	0,001	0,001	0,001	0,003	3	5	1,7
Zr (%)	0,005	0,001	0,003	0,002	0,007	4	10	2,5

Introduction:

Certified Reference Materials (CRMs) are used by laboratories to prove the value of their service offerings and for clients of laboratories to evaluate and monitor laboratory performance. CRMs must comply with high metrological requirements and ensuring traceability of measurement results.

Since most techniques employing analytical instrumentation are comparative, these techniques require a sample of known composition (CRM) for accurate calibration. Grade and Matrix matched CRM's are thus vital to the core of the analytical chemistry industry.

Preparation of Material:

The material constituting RRM Fe-121 has been according to ISO 17034:2016, and includes the following:

- Drying to constant mass
- Crushing and dry milling to nominal 53µm particle size
- Homogenization
- Systematic rotary division of the entire lot, to final aliquot
- Packaging
- Rotary divided to nominal 250g sealed jars
- Rotary divided to nominal 10g geochem pouches, vacuum sealed in barrier foil
- Custom package sizes available on request

Unique to RRM, rotary division of all material to final packaging.

Methods of Analysis:

The analysis of the test samples has been conducted according to each individual laboratory's routine analytical procedures. The material has been dried at 105°C until constant mass was achieved, or corrected for moisture according to ISO 2596:2006. Each test sample has been prepared, analyzed and reported in duplicate; with results reported on a dry basis.

Elements and Oxides determined as follows:

- Multi-element Iron Ore Suite – XRF fused disc analysis
- Loss on Ignition – Thermo Gravimetric Analysis

Homogeneity Evaluation:

For the evaluation of the homogeneity of the Fe-121 material, 14 samples were selected throughout the batch for analysis in duplicate. ANOVA (one-way analysis of variance) was used to assess the homogeneity for measured Iron and total Loss on Ignition. No significant variation was observed for both 'batch' and 'within unit' exercises. The results and statistical evaluation from the interlaboratory studies (presented in Tables 3, 4, 5 and 6) further validate the homogeneity. The material can thus be considered fit for purpose for use as a CRM.

Statistical Evaluation:

We have grouped the laboratories according to the method of determining moisture. Certain laboratories determine the dry weight of iron ore samples at 105°C, whilst some use the ISO 2596:2006 correction for hygroscopic moisture. Some iron ore types report different moisture values for each of these methods, which in turn influences the chemical analysis as the determined moisture content has an influence on the dry starting mass.

A comprehensive statistical evaluation of the results received from the various laboratories was performed. Outliers were identified and removed from the data sets for the certification exercise.

The assigned values are the mean of means after removal of outliers. All constituents reported with a between laboratory % RSD of <5% are regarded as certified values.

Table 3 Fe-121 Statistical Evaluation (Hygroscopic Moisture Corrected)

Analyte (Unit)	Fe (%)	Fe calc (%)	SiO ₂ (%)	Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	TiO ₂ (%)	Mn (%)	CaO (%)
Assigned value	54.55	54.61	12.64	2.32	0.075	0.154	0.043
Number of Laboratories	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of Analyses	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.20	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.003	0.004	0.002
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.20	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.003	0.004	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.37 %	0.13 %	0.53 %	0.70 %	4.06 %	2.53 %	5.73 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.37 %	0.09 %	0.32 %	0.66 %	4.06 %	2.53 %	2.17 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.047	0.020	0.020	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.001
Lower confidence limit	54.45	54.57	12.60	2.31	0.074	0.152	0.041
Upper confidence limit	54.64	54.65	12.68	2.33	0.077	0.156	0.044
Lower limit of tolerance	54.15	54.47	12.51	2.29	0.069	0.146	0.038
Upper limit of tolerance	54.95	54.75	12.78	2.35	0.081	0.162	0.048

Analyte (Unit)	P (%)	S (%)	MgO (%)	K ₂ O (%)	Na ₂ O (%)	As (%)	Cl (%)
Assigned value	0.056	0.020	0.059	0.016	0.013	0.002	0.005
Number of Laboratories	9	8	9	9	8	8	8
Number of Analyses	20	16	20	20	19	18	19
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.001	0.006	0.001	0.011	0.001	0.003
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	-	-	0.005	0.001	0.006	-	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	2.32 %	6.12 %	10.9 %	5.89 %	82 %	53 %	54 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.42 %	0.80 %	8.87 %	4.17 %	48 %	-	18.2 %
Standard Uncertainty	-	-	0.002	-	0.003	-	0.001
Lower confidence limit	0.055	0.019	0.055	0.015	0.006	0.001	0.003
Upper confidence limit	0.057	0.021	0.062	0.016	0.020	0.003	0.007
Lower limit of tolerance	0.053	0.018	0.046	0.014	-	-	-
Upper limit of tolerance	0.059	0.023	0.071	0.018	0.034	0.005	0.011

Analyte (Unit)	Co (%)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ba (%)	Cr (%)	Ni (%)
Assigned value	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.012	0.002	0.002	0.002
Number of Laboratories	8	8	8	3	7	8	8
Number of Analyses	19	19	19	6	15	19	19
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.001	0.001	-	-	0.001	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	115 %	56 %	66 %	4.83 %	146 %	39 %	81 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	97 %	33 %	44 %	3.06 %	29 %	23 %	29 %
Standard Uncertainty	-	-	0.001	-	0.001	-	0.001
Lower confidence limit	-	0.001	0.002	0.012	-	0.002	0.001

Upper confidence limit	0.001	0.003	0.004	0.013	0.003	0.003	0.004
Lower limit of tolerance	-	-	-	0.011	-	-	-
Upper limit of tolerance	0.002	0.004	0.007	0.014	0.006	0.004	0.006

Analyte (Unit)	Sn (%)	Sr (%)	V (%)	Zr (%)
Assigned value	-	-	0.001	0.003
Number of Laboratories	7	7	7	7
Number of Analyses	15	15	18	18
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	-	-	0.001	0.001
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	-	-	-	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	-	-	52 %	50 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	-	-	29 %	33 %
Standard Uncertainty	-	-	-	-
Lower confidence limit	-	-	0.001	0.002
Upper confidence limit	-	-	0.002	0.004
Lower limit of tolerance	-	-	-	-
Upper limit of tolerance	-	-	0.002	0.006

Table 4 Fe-121 Statistical Evaluation (non-hygroscopically moisture corrected)

Analyte (Unit)	Fe (%)	Fe calc (%)	SiO ₂ (%)	Al ₂ O ₃ (%)	TiO ₂ (%)	Mn (%)	CaO (%)
Assigned value	54.41	54.47	12.62	2.30	0.078	0.152	0.039
Number of Laboratories	15	15	15	15	15	13	15
Number of Analyses	56	56	56	56	56	50	56
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.19	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.002	0.002	0.006
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.001	0.001	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.35 %	0.15 %	0.58 %	0.97 %	2.34 %	1.62 %	15.8 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.17 %	0.10 %	0.37 %	0.59 %	1.63 %	0.66 %	3.51 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.044	0.018	0.016	0.005	-	0.001	0.002
Lower confidence limit	54.32	54.43	12.59	2.29	0.077	0.151	0.036
Upper confidence limit	54.50	54.50	12.65	2.31	0.078	0.153	0.042
Lower limit of tolerance	54.03	54.30	12.47	2.26	0.074	0.147	0.027
Upper limit of tolerance	54.79	54.63	12.76	2.35	0.081	0.157	0.051

Analyte (Unit)	P (%)	S (%)	MgO (%)	K ₂ O (%)	Na ₂ O (%)	As (%)	Cl (%)
Assigned value	0.057	0.019	0.044	0.016	0.018	0.002	0.009
Number of Laboratories	15	14	15	14	10	6	6
Number of Analyses	56	52	56	52	37	21	21
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.003	0.020	0.003	0.009	0.002	0.004

Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.001	0.006	0.001	0.006	-	0.003
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	1.75 %	14.7 %	47 %	17.7 %	50 %	78 %	44 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	1.36 %	6.24 %	13.8 %	6.79 %	34 %	13.4 %	30 %
Standard Uncertainty	-	0.001	0.005	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001
Lower confidence limit	0.057	0.017	0.033	0.014	0.013	0.001	0.006
Upper confidence limit	0.057	0.020	0.054	0.017	0.022	0.004	0.012
Lower limit of tolerance	0.055	0.013	0.003	0.010	-	-	0.001
Upper limit of tolerance	0.059	0.024	0.085	0.021	0.035	0.006	0.017

Analyte (Unit)	Co (%)	Cu (%)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ba (%)	Cr (%)	Ni (%)
Assigned value	0.001	0.001	0.004	0.015	0.002	0.002	0.002
Number of Laboratories	5	7	8	7	2	4	4
Number of Analyses	14	25	27	24	4	14	14
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	-	-	0.002	0.001	0.002	-	-
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	185 %	115 %	55 %	9.69 %	94 %	80 %	97 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	1.56 %	23 %	47 %	3.77 %	94 %	11.3 %	0.51 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Lower confidence limit	-	-	0.003	0.014	-	-	-
Upper confidence limit	0.003	0.002	0.005	0.016	0.004	0.004	0.005
Lower limit of tolerance	-	-	-	0.012	-	-	-
Upper limit of tolerance	0.006	0.004	0.009	0.018	0.006	0.006	0.007

Analyte (Unit)	Sn (%)	Sr (%)	V (%)	Zr (%)
Assigned value	0.005	0.001	0.002	0.005
Number of Laboratories	3	2	3	4
Number of Analyses	6	4	5	10
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.006	0.001	0.001	0.003
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	139 %	95 %	60 %	56 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	18.1 %	95 %	33 %	16.3 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.004	-	0.001	0.001
Lower confidence limit	-	-	0.001	0.002
Upper confidence limit	0.012	0.001	0.003	0.007
Lower limit of tolerance	-	-	-	-
Upper limit of tolerance	0.017	0.002	0.004	0.010

LOI Certified Values:

The LOI statistics from the inter-laboratory study are presented in the table below:

Table 5 Fe-121 LOI Certified Values (Hygroscopic Moisture Corrected)

Determination (Unit)	LOI-371 %	LOI-425 %	LOI-650 %	LOI-1000 %
Assigned value	5.34	5.56	6.07	6.30
Number of Laboratories	3	8	8	11
Number of Analyses	26	42	42	45
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.11	0.04	0.07	0.08
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.08
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	2.09 %	0.71 %	1.19 %	1.33 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	1.11 %	0.30 %	0.53 %	1.33 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.056	0.014	0.023	0.013
Lower confidence limit	5.22	5.53	6.02	6.28
Upper confidence limit	5.45	5.59	6.11	6.33
Lower limit of tolerance	5.11	5.48	5.92	6.13
Upper limit of tolerance	5.56	5.64	6.21	6.47

Table 6 Fe-121 LOI Certified Values (non-hygroscopically corrected moisture)

Determination (Unit)	LOI-371 %	LOI-425 %	LOI-650 %	LOI-1000 %
Assigned value	5.50	5.77	6.24	6.56
Number of Laboratories	7	4	8	17
Number of Analyses	42	26	43	79
Between Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.09	0.12	0.08	0.12
Within Laboratory Standard Deviation	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.03
Between Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	1.69 %	2.14 %	1.33 %	1.85 %
Within Laboratory Relative Standard Deviation	0.99 %	0.86 %	0.73 %	0.45 %
Standard Uncertainty	0.030	0.057	0.025	0.031
Lower confidence limit	5.44	5.65	6.19	6.49
Upper confidence limit	5.56	5.88	6.30	6.62
Lower limit of tolerance	5.32	5.52	6.08	6.31
Upper limit of tolerance	5.69	6.01	6.41	6.80

Origin of Material:

This material originates from the iron ore deposits of the Hamersley Group of the Hamersley Iron Province, central Pilbara Craton in Western Australia. The Hamersley Group rocks are early Proterozoic sediments, i.e. shale, siltstone, mudstone, chert, carbonate rocks and banded iron formations. Some minor volcanic units are also present in the Hamersley Group stratigraphy. There are two banded iron ore deposits within the Hamersley Group, the Brockman Iron Formation (approximately 2481±4 Ma) and the older Marra Mamba Iron Formation (approximately 2597±5 Ma). The Brockman Formation consists of cherts, mudstone, siltstone and banded iron formations; and is the main iron ore zone within the Hamersley Group. The iron formation consists of significant amounts of secondary enriched martite-goethite, which has an iron content of between 56 and 63 wt.%. The Marra Mamba Iron Formation is a surface enriched banded iron formation consisting of martite microplaty hematite ores, containing 60 to 68 wt.% iron.

1. Killick, M. F., H. M. Churchward, R. R. Anand (2003) Hamersley Iron Province, Western Australia. CRC LEME, Exploration and Mining.
2. Morris, R. C., M. Kneeshaw, (2011): Genesis modelling for the Hamersley BIF-hosted iron ores of Western Australia: A critical review. Australian Journal of earth sciences 58.

Minor Elements and Specific Gravity:

Informational values for minor elements are provided; results from Lazer Ablation ICP-MS and for Specific Gravity by Helium Pycnometer (results are for a single analysis at one laboratory):

SG (Helium Pycnometer) 4.20

Table 7 Fe-121 Minor Elements

As ppm 22	Ba ppm 40	Be ppm 0,6	Bi ppm 0,1	Cd ppm -	Ce ppm 18,1	Co ppm 8,2	Cs ppm 0,16
Cu ppm 20	Dy ppm 1,58	Er ppm 0,84	Eu ppm 0,38	Ga ppm 2,1	Gd ppm 1,31	Ge ppm 7	Hf ppm 0,67
Ho ppm 0,31	In ppm -	La ppm 7,57	Lu ppm 0,16	Mn ppm 1550	Mo ppm 2	Nb ppm 1,8	Nd ppm 7,03
Ni ppm 38	Pb ppm 30	Pr ppm 1,76	Rb ppm 0,65	Re ppm -0,01	Sb ppm 1,2	Sc ppm 5,4	Se ppm -
Sm ppm 1,64	Sn ppm 1,2	Sr ppm 3,6	Ta ppm 0,14	Tb ppm 0,2	Te ppm -	Th ppm 1,47	Tl ppm -
Tm ppm 0,17	U ppm 1,06	V ppm 21,7	W ppm 6,05	Y ppm 10,1	Yb ppm 0,9	Zn ppm 135	Zr ppm 28,5

XRD Analysis:

A sample of Fe-121 was submitted for Quantitative X-Ray Diffraction Analysis after drying at 50°C.

XRDQUANT01 - Quantitative analysis, crystalline and amorphous content

Table 8 Fe-121 Mineral Abundance (XRD)

Mineral	% mass fraction
Hematite Fe_2O_3	35
Goethite $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$	38
Magnetite Fe_3O_4	ND
Quartz SiO_2	10
Kaolin $\text{Al}_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4$	ND
Amorphous content	17

Particle Size Distribution:

A sample of Fe-121 was submitted for particle size analysis by MICROTRAC S3500 Lazer Diffraction System.

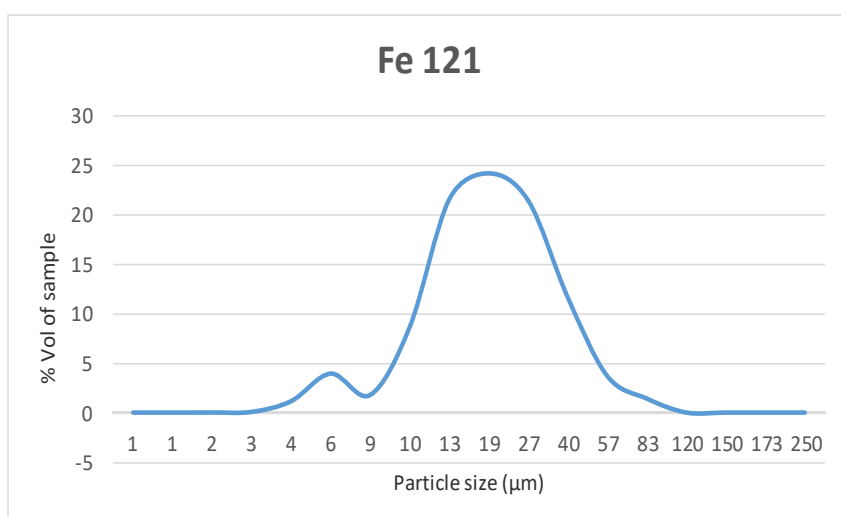


Figure 1 Fe-121 Particle Size Distribution

Spectral Analysis:

A sample of Fe-121 was submitted for analysis by TerraSpec 4 VNIR-SWIR.

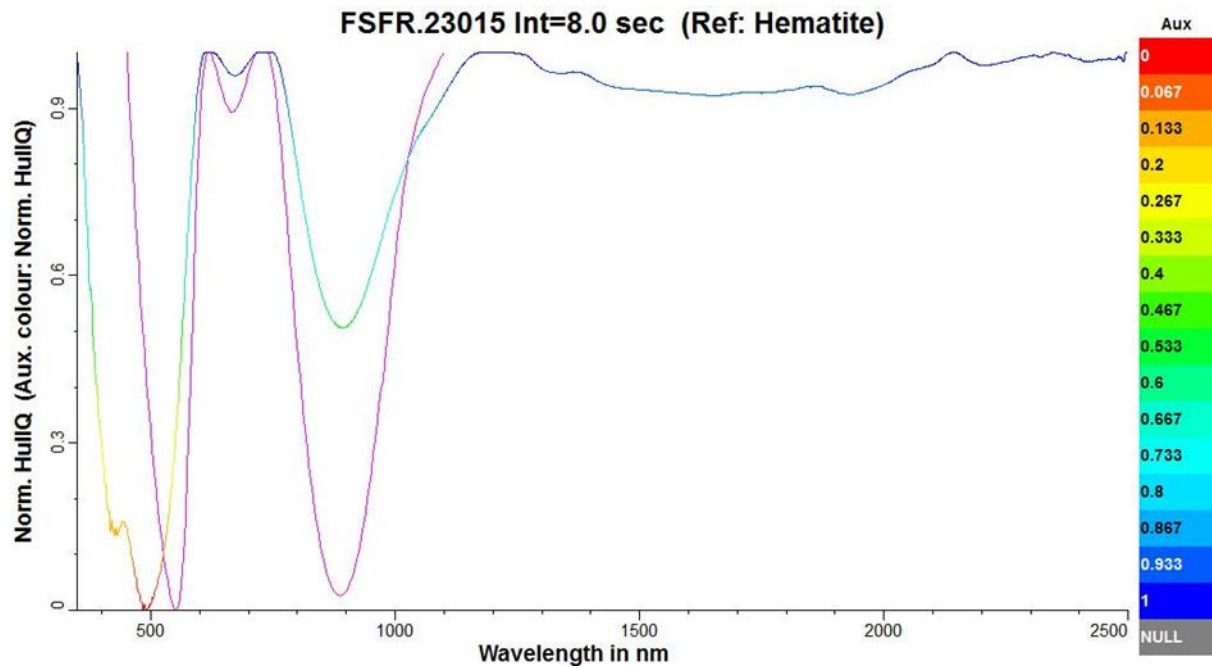


Figure 2 Fe-121 VNIR

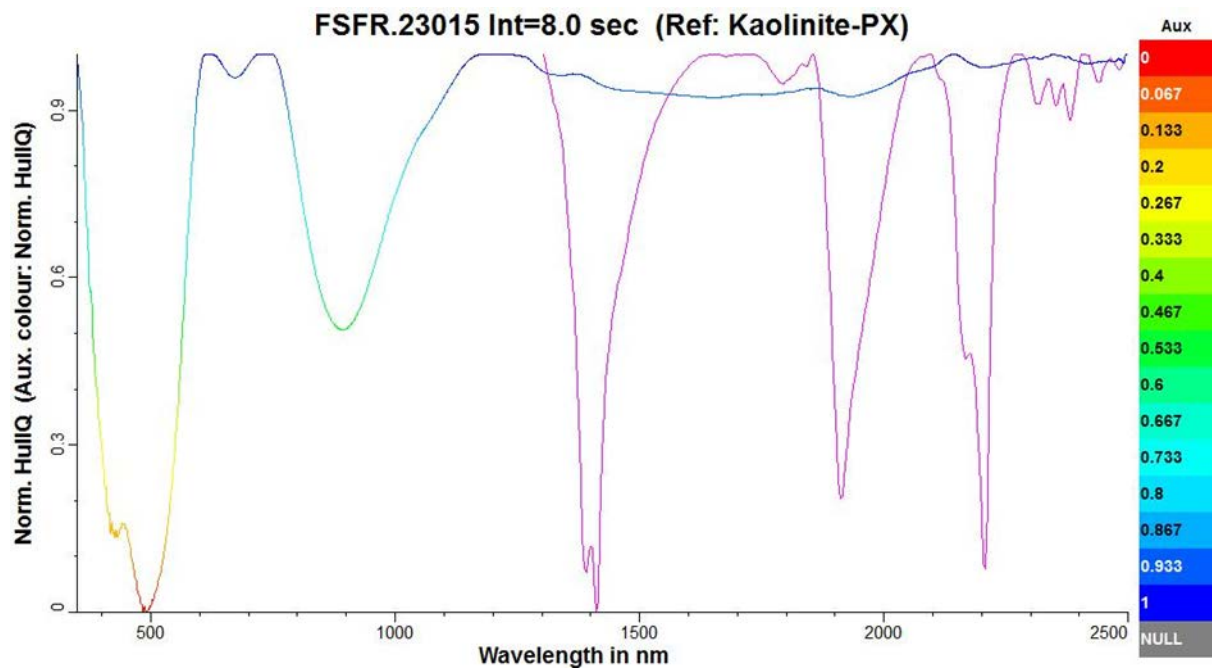


Figure 3 Fe-121 SWIR

FTIR Analysis:

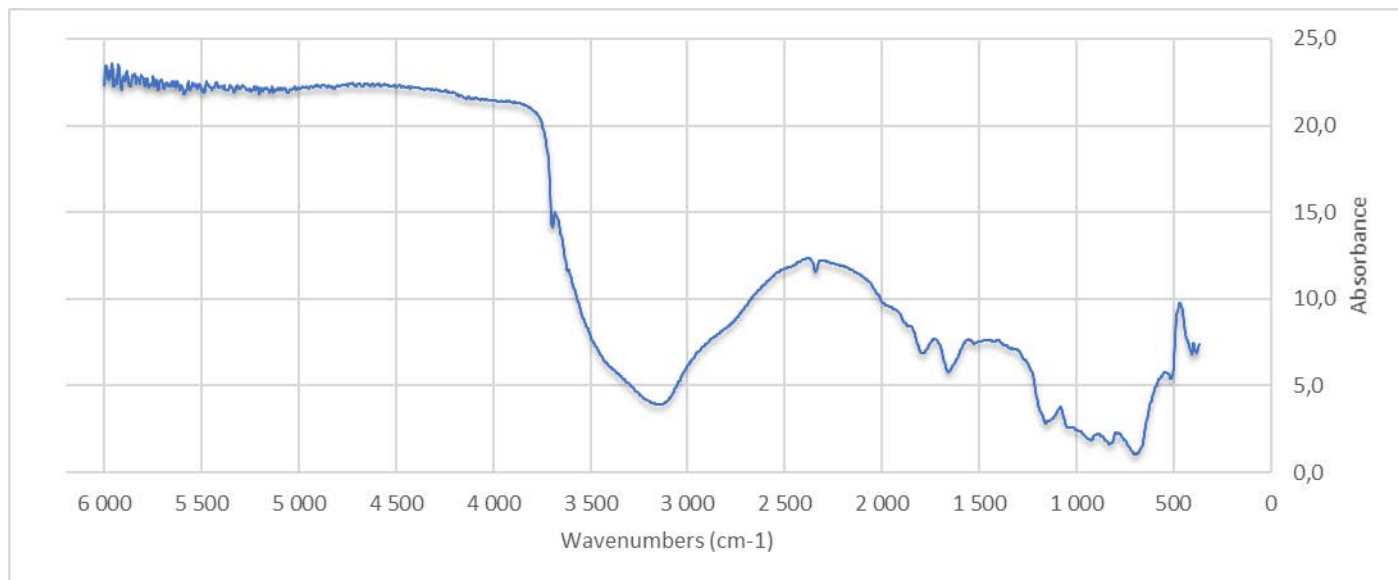


Figure 4 Fe-121 FTIR Spectra

Hygroscopic Moisture:

To illustrate the effect of hygroscopic moisture a sample of RRM Fe-121 underwent water vapour sorption testing.

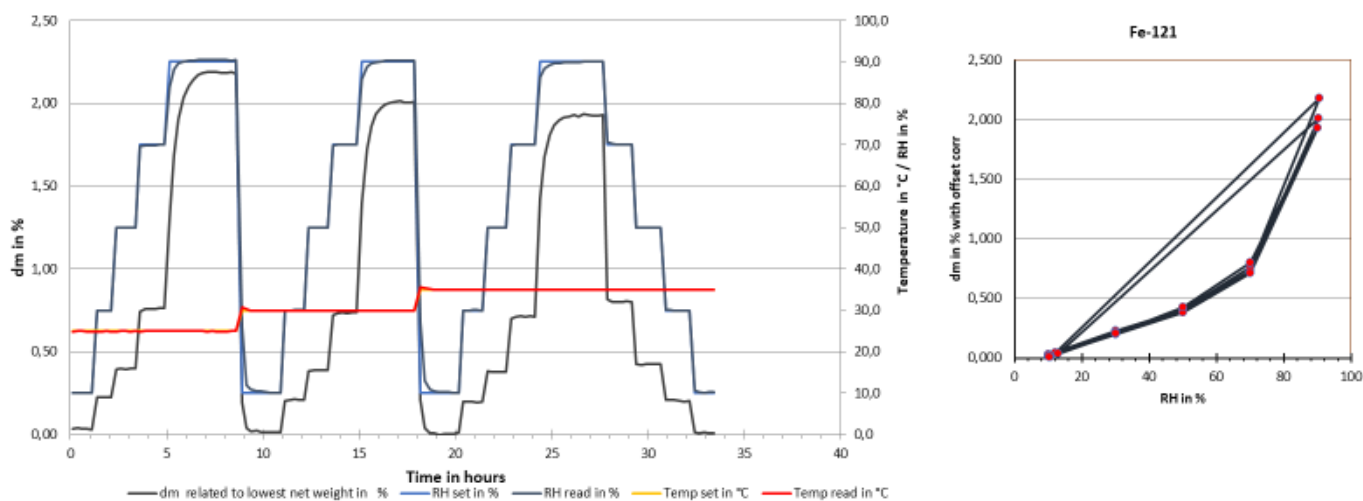


Figure 5 Fe-121 Sorption Testing

From the tests it is clear that hygroscopic moisture could have an impact on the quality of the chemical analysis results and appropriate storage and pre-treatment is highly recommended.

Participating Laboratories:

Table 9 Fe-121 Participating Laboratories

ALS Metallurgy, Australia
ALS Iron Ore, Australia
BHP Billiton Nelson Point Laboratory, Australia
BHP Billiton Newman Laboratory Line 1, Australia
BHP Billiton Newman Laboratory Line 2, Australia
BHP Billiton Newman Laboratory Line 3, Australia
BHP Billiton Newman Laboratory Line 4, Australia
Bureau Veritas, Western Australia
Citic Pacific Mining Laboratory, Australia
IMP Automation, Australia
Intertek Maddington, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Anderson Point, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Christmas Creek, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Cloudbreak, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories FMG Port, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Mt Webber, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Roy Hill Port, Australia
Intertek Robotic Laboratories Solomon, Australia
Intertek, South Africa
Kumba Iron Ore Sishen Mine Laboratory, South Africa
MinAnalytical Laboratory Services, Australia
Rio Tinto Cape Lambert Port A Laboratory, Australia
Rio Tinto Cape Lambert Port B Laboratory, Australia
Rio Tinto Marandoo Laboratory, Australia
Rio Tinto Paraburdoo Laboratory, Australia
Rio Tinto West Angelas Laboratory, Australia
Rio Tinto Yandicoogina Laboratory, Australia
Set Point Laboratories, South Africa

Intended Use:

The Certified Reference Material RRM Fe-121 is intended to be used in analytical laboratories that analyse samples of similar grades (as presented in this certificate of analysis) and matrix.

- Monitoring of routine laboratory performance (both internal and external)
- Method development and method validation
- Instrument calibration

Instructions before Use:

Safety precautions (in-line with safe laboratory practices) for handling fine particulate matter are advised; such as the use of safety glasses, dust masks, gloves and laboratory coats.

Minimum Sample Size:

- Multi-element Iron Ore Suite – XRF fused disc analysis 0.7g
- LOI – 1g

Analysis Validity:

The property values for RRM Fe-121 Certified Reference Material remain valid provided that good laboratory practice is observed during handling and storage.

The material is in fine powder form and may be hygroscopic in nature.

Stability and storage:

This CRM is considered to have long-term stability under normal storage conditions. The CRM is available in different packaging and mass lots. When considering the lot size and said the ISO 16042, which recommends that the total contents of the container holding the CRM prior to its first use be divided in two portions that match the intended test portions.

Traceability:

The characterization of this material has been achieved by inter-laboratory study, each laboratory using an appropriate analytical method. These methods are calibrated against and analysed against high purity materials and appropriate Certified Reference Materials.

Additional Information:

Additional information on material RRM Fe-121 is available on request and includes the following:

- Data Tables
- Statistical Tables
- Particle Size Analysis Data
- Quantitative X-Ray Diffraction Analysis Report
- FTIR Spectral Data
- VNIR-SWIR Spectral Data
- Sorption Testing Data

Revisions:

This certificate is version 0.00 for the material RRM-Fe-121; and is intended to be a 'live document' intended to reflect progress in analytical chemistry. In that, any significant new data and information could be added at any time to ensure the currency and relevance of the certification. Any revisions to this Certificate of Analysis will be made available via the company website www.resourcereferencematerials.com

Legal Notice:

This material has been prepared and a comprehensive statistical evaluation conducted to assign the property values, with appropriate care and attention. The Purchaser, by receipt of this material and certificate, indemnifies and releases Resource Reference Materials (Pty) Ltd from and against any and all liability and costs arising from the use of this material and certificate and any actions taken thereupon.


Prepared and Supplied:

Certified Reference Material RRM Fe-121 has been prepared, certified and is supplied by;

Resource Reference Materials (Pty) Ltd
36 Michelson Road
Anderbolt, Boksburg
South Africa, 1459
E-Mail: info@resourcereferencematerials.com

Approved on behalf of Resource Reference Materials (Pty) Ltd:

Name
Position


C.S. van der Linde
Managing Director

5th June 2017



References:

ISO 17034:2016 General requirements for the competence of reference material producers

DRAFT ISO GUIDE 35:2016 Reference materials — Guidance for the characterization and the assessment of the homogeneity and stability of the material

ISO 5725-2:1994 Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results - Part 2: Basic method for the determination of repeatability and reproducibility of a standard measurement method

ISO 2596:2006 Iron ores — Determination of hygroscopic moisture in analytical samples — Gravimetric, Karl Fischer and mass-loss methods

ISO 11536:2015 Iron ores — Determination of loss on ignition — Gravimetric method

ISO 9516-1:2003 Iron ores — Determination of various elements by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry — Part 1: Comprehensive procedure

ISO 2597: 2006 part 3 Iron ores — Determination of hygroscopic moisture in analytical samples — Gravimetric, Karl Fischer and mass-loss methods