

ECISS

EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR IRON AND STEEL STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION DU FER ET DE L'ACIER EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR EISEN-UND STAHLNORMUNG

EUROPEAN CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL (EURONORM – CRM)
CERTIFICATE OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

EURONORM – CRM No. 781-1 SILICON CARBIDE REFRactory

LABORATORY MEANS (4 Values)
mass content in % related to the dried (105°C) sample

| Line No. | Total C | Total Si | Total Al |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 | – | 34.99 | 4.144 |
| 2 | 47.73 | 35.08 | 4.282 |
| 3 | 48.10 | 35.32 | 4.303 |
| 4 | 48.11 | 35.37 | 4.307 |
| 5 | 48.16 | 35.39 | 4.322 |
| 6 | 48.20 | 35.40 | 4.340 |
| 7 | 48.23 | 35.44 | 4.343 |
| 8 | 48.24 | 35.50 | 4.380 |
| 9 | 48.29 | 35.58 | 4.400 |
| 10 | 48.31 | 35.71 | 4.405 |
| 11 | 48.38 | 35.74 | 4.440 |
| 12 | 48.39 | 35.75 | 4.445 |
| 13 | 48.40 | 35.77 | 4.446 |
| 14 | 48.43 | 35.81 | 4.446 |
| 15 | 48.47 | 35.86 | 4.454 |
| 16 | | 35.86 | 4.458 |
| 17 | | 35.89 | 4.460 |
| 18 | | | 4.477 |
| 19 | | | 4.543 |
| M_M | 48.25 | 35.56 | 4.389 |
| s _M | 0.19 | 0.28 | 0.092 |
| s _w | 0.26 | 0.13 | 0.043 |

M_M : Mean of the intralaboratory means s_M : Standard deviation of the intralaboratory means $s_M = \sqrt{s_b^2 + s_w^2/4}$
 s_w : Intralaboratory standard deviation s_b : Interlaboratory standard deviation

The laboratory mean values have been examined statistically to eliminate outstanding values. Where a “–” appears in the table it indicates that an outlying value has been omitted by either the Cochran or Grubbs Test.

CERTIFIED VALUES

mass content in %

| | Total C | Total Si | Total Al |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| M_M | 48.25 | 35.56 | 4.39 |
| C(95%) | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.04 |

The half-width confidence interval C(95%) = $t \times s_M / \sqrt{n}$ where t is the appropriate Student's t value and n is the number of acceptable mean values

For further information regarding the confidence interval for the certified value see ISO Guide 35:1989 section 4.



This reference material was prepared and issued by:
BUREAU OF ANALYSED SAMPLES LIMITED
 Newham Hall, Middlesbrough, England
 On behalf of:- The Iron and Steel Nomenclature Co-ordinating Committee
 (COCOR) of the EC ISS, after approval by all the participating
 laboratories and all the producing organizations. (France-IRSID/CTIF
 Germany-Iron and Steel CRM Working Group, UK-BAS Ltd.)

MARCH 1993

APPROXIMATE VALUES FOR INFORMATION

Laboratory Means (4 values)
mass content in % related to the dried (105°C) sample

| Line No. | C Free | Si Free | Fe Total | Mn | P | Cr | Mo | Ni |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | 36.69 | 4.285 | — | — | 0.0087 | 0.0205 | — | 0.0180 |
| 2 | 36.72 | 4.347 | 0.7350 | 0.0234 | 0.0095 | 0.0210 | 0.0198 | 0.0183 |
| 3 | 36.95 | 4.575 | 0.7361 | 0.0242 | 0.0097 | 0.0222 | 0.0205 | 0.0190 |
| 4 | 36.97 | 4.576 | 0.7600 | 0.0262 | 0.0109 | 0.0224 | 0.0241 | 0.0197 |
| 5 | 37.00 | 4.592 | 0.7900 | 0.0264 | 0.0112 | — | 0.0255 | 0.0200 |
| 6 | 37.09 | 4.600 | 0.7918 | 0.0268 | 0.0116 | 0.0227 | 0.0260 | 0.0201 |
| 7 | 37.20 | 4.655 | 0.7940 | 0.0272 | 0.0120 | 0.0230 | 0.0271 | 0.0214 |
| 8 | 37.22 | 4.665 | 0.8048 | 0.0274 | 0.0122 | 0.0233 | 0.0280 | — |
| 9 | 37.23 | 4.700 | 0.8057 | 0.0274 | 0.0122 | 0.0235 | 0.0282 | 0.0221 |
| 10 | 37.28 | 4.756 | 0.8137 | 0.0274 | 0.0122 | 0.0239 | 0.0294 | 0.0231 |
| 11 | 37.29 | 4.778 | 0.8150 | 0.0277 | 0.0125 | 0.0240 | 0.0303 | 0.0236 |
| 12 | 37.32 | 4.828 | 0.8180 | 0.0281 | — | 0.0244 | 0.0311 | 0.0251 |
| 13 | — | 4.835 | 0.8191 | — | 0.0136 | 0.0245 | | |
| 14 | 37.57 | 4.854 | 0.8325 | 0.0285 | 0.0137 | 0.0254 | | |
| 15 | 37.91 | | 0.8386 | 0.0287 | 0.0140 | 0.0258 | | |
| 16 | 37.93 | | 0.8535 | 0.0288 | | 0.0288 | | |
| 17 | | | 0.8903 | 0.0292 | | 0.0290 | | |
| 18 | | | | 0.0306 | | | | |
| M_M | 37.22 | 4.646 | 0.8061 | 0.0274 | 0.0117 | 0.0240 | 0.0264 | 0.0210 |

| Line No. | B | N | Ti | V | Ca | Mg | Na | K |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | 0.0132 | 0.0148 | 0.0228 | — | 0.0364 | 0.0310 | 0.0250 | 0.3499 |
| 2 | 0.0137 | 0.0165 | 0.0278 | 0.0189 | 0.0365 | — | 0.0262 | 0.3520 |
| 3 | 0.0144 | 0.0260 | 0.0282 | 0.0192 | 0.0375 | 0.0339 | 0.0275 | 0.3528 |
| 4 | 0.0145 | 0.0300 | 0.0290 | 0.0201 | 0.0388 | 0.0350 | 0.0275 | 0.3561 |
| 5 | 0.0147 | 0.0330 | 0.0298 | 0.0206 | 0.0405 | 0.0394 | 0.0282 | 0.3595 |
| 6 | 0.0148 | 0.0335 | 0.0298 | 0.0209 | 0.0416 | 0.0405 | 0.0292 | 0.3650 |
| 7 | 0.0151 | 0.0366 | 0.0303 | 0.0212 | 0.0418 | 0.0414 | 0.0295 | 0.3702 |
| 8 | — | 0.0367 | 0.0303 | 0.0212 | 0.0428 | 0.0416 | 0.0300 | 0.3705 |
| 9 | 0.0186 | | 0.0305 | 0.0213 | 0.0435 | 0.0419 | 0.0308 | 0.3724 |
| 10 | — | | 0.0307 | 0.0228 | 0.0438 | 0.0425 | 0.0315 | 0.3730 |
| 11 | | | 0.0312 | 0.0231 | 0.0455 | 0.0428 | 0.0320 | 0.3792 |
| 12 | | | 0.0314 | 0.0231 | 0.0482 | 0.0429 | 0.0330 | 0.3818 |
| 13 | | | 0.0324 | 0.0238 | 0.0485 | 0.0434 | 0.0332 | 0.3834 |
| 14 | | | 0.0325 | 0.0245 | 0.0486 | 0.0447 | — | 0.3863 |
| 15 | | | 0.0326 | | 0.0495 | 0.0448 | 0.0342 | 0.3893 |
| 16 | | | — | | 0.0498 | 0.0462 | 0.0348 | 0.3900 |
| 17 | | | 0.0344 | | | 0.0475 | 0.0365 | 0.3908 |
| 18 | | | 0.0375 | | | 0.0484 | | 0.3914 |
| 19 | | | 0.0420 | | | 0.0497 | | 0.3975 |
| 20 | | | 0.0426 | | | | | 0.4185 |
| M_M | 0.0149 | 0.0282 | 0.0320 | 0.0216 | 0.0433 | 0.0421 | 0.0308 | 0.3765 |

Approximate values (from at least two laboratories) for information only:- 0 = 10.5%; Fe° = 0.35%

DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE

This sample consists of specially prepared material passing a 125µm. aperture sieve and then passed over a magnetic separator.
It is only supplied in bottles containing 100g.

PARTICIPATING LABORATORIES

| | |
|--|--|
| Böhler GmbH, Kapfenberg (Austria) | Hoogovens Groep BV, IJmuiden (Netherlands) |
| British Ceramic Research Ltd., Stoke-on-Trent (U.K.) | Huttenwerke Krupp Mannesmann GmbH. |
| British Gas plc, Solihull (U.K.) | Institut de Recherches de la Sidérurgie Française (IRSID), |
| Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (BAM), Berlin (Germany) | Maizières-lès-Metz (France) |
| Centro Sviluppo Materiali (CSM), Rome (Italy) | Laborlux SA, Esch sur Alzette (Luxembourg) |
| Cockerill-Sambre SA, Couillet (Belgium) | Morgan Material Technology Ltd., Stourport-on-Severn (U.K.) |
| Dyson Group, Research and Development Laboratories, Sheffield (U.K.) | Rautaruukki Oy, Raahere (Finland) |
| Elektroschmelzwerk Kempten GmbH., Gefrath (Germany) | Ridsdale & Co. Ltd., Middlesbrough (U.K.) |
| ENEA, Rome (Italy) | Sollac, Dunkerque (France) |
| Feuerfest-Prüflabor FPL GmbH., Bonn (Germany) | Sollac, Fos-sur-Mer (France) |
| Hepworth Refractories Ltd., Worksop (U.K.) | Staatliches Material Prüfungsamt, Nordrhein-Westfalen (MPA-NRW), |
| | Dortmund (Germany) |
| | Thyssen Stahl AG, Duisburg-Hamborn (Germany) |

METHODS USED
EURO NORM – CRM No. 781-1

| Element | Line Number | Methods |
|----------|---|---|
| C Total | 2-4-9-10-13-14 3 5-7-8 6-12-15 11 | Combustion, coulometric titration Combustion, conductometry Combustion, gravimetry Combustion, infrared absorption Combustion, non-aqueous titration |
| Si Total | 1-2-4-6-7-8-9-11-12-14 3-5-10-13-16-17 15 | Gravimetric, dehydration with perchloric acid XRF Atomic Absorption Spectrometry |
| Al Total | 1-4-5-7-8-11-14-18-19 2-3-6-9 10-12-13-15-16-17 | Atomic Absorption Spectrometry ICP-AES XRF |
| C free | 1-3 2-5-8-14-16 4 6 7-9-10 11 12 15 | Loss on ignition at 800°C Coulometry after combustion at 800°C Infrared absorption after combustion at 750°C Loss on ignition at 750°C after oxidation at 500°C Difference between total carbon and carbon in ignited sample Gravimetric, ignition at 750°C Non-aqueous titration, ignition at 800°C Conductivity, ignition at 750°C |
| Si free | 1-7-12-13 2 2-3-4-5-8-9-10-11-14 6 | Titrimetric, displacement of silver Photometric as siliconolybdate Gas volumetric ICP-AES |
| Fe total | 2 3-11 4-5-6-12-16-17 8-9-10-13-15 14 | Photometric, 1-10 phenanthroline XRF ICP-AES Atomic Absorption Spectrometry Photometric, 2,2'dipyridyl |
| Mn | 2-3-6 5-7-9-15-18 4-8-10-11-12-14-16-17 | XRF Atomic Absorption Spectrometry ICP-AES |
| P | 1-5-6 2-4-8-10-14-15 3-9-13 7 11 | XRF Photometric, Phosphovanadomolybdate, with extraction ICP-AES Acidimetric titration of ammonium phosphomolybdate Photometric, molybdenum blue, no extraction |
| Cr | 1-10 2-3-7-12-14-17-18 4-6-8-9-11-13-15-16 | XRF Atomic Absorption Spectrometry ICP-AES |
| Mo | 2-4-5-10-11 3-6-8-9-12 7 | ICP-AES Atomic Absorption Spectrometry XRF |
| Ni | 1-5-6-12 2-3-4-7-9-10-11 | ICP-AES Atomic Absorption Spectrometry |
| B | 1-5-9 2-4-6-7 3 | Photometric with curcumin ICP-AES Photometric with 1-1 dianthrime after separation |
| N | 1-3-6-7-8 2 4-5 | Thermal conductivity, decomposition in graphite crucible Photometric with Nessler reagent after distillation Acidimetric titration after distillation |
| Ti | 1-8-20 2-3-5-6-9-12-13-14-18 4-7-11-15-17 10 19 | XRF ICP-AES Atomic Absorption Spectrometry Photometric with diantripyrilmethane Photometric with hydrogen peroxide |
| V | 2-5-7-8-11 3-4-6-9-10-13-14 12 | ICP-AES Atomic Absorption Spectrometry XRF |
| Ca | 1-2-4-5-6-12-14 3-10-13-15 7-8-9-11-16 | Atomic Absorption Spectrometry XRF ICP-AES |
| Mg | 1-14-18 3-5-6-7-8-11-12-13-15 4-9-10-16-17-19 | XRF Atomic Absorption Spectrometry ICP-AES |
| Na | 1-4-9-15 2-3-5-6-7-8-10-11-13-16-17 12 | Atomic Emission Spectrometry Atomic Absorption Spectrometry XRF |
| K | 1-2-4-5-7-8-9-10-11-12-15-19 3-14-17-18-20 6 13-16 | Atomic Absorption Spectrometry XRF ICP-AES Atomic Emission Spectrometry |

Abbreviations: ICP-AES : Inductively Coupled Plasma - Atomic Emission Spectrometry
 XRF : X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometry

FURTHER INFORMATION

For information regarding the preparation, certification and supply of these European Certified Reference Materials (EURONORM-CRMs) and the use of the statistical information given on this certificate, please refer to Information Circulars No. 1 (ECIIS) and No. 5 (ECSC), both of which are available from the national standards body in your country. (In the UK this is the BSI, 2 Park Street, London, W1A 2BS).

Des informations complémentaires sur la fabrication, la certification et la distribution des Matériaux de Référence Certifiés Européens (EURONORM-MRC) ainsi que sur l'utilisation des informations statistiques données sur le certificat se trouvent dans les circulaire d'information No. 1 (ECIIS) et No. 5 (CECA). On peut se procurer ces deux circulaires auprès des organismes nationaux de normalisation. (Pour la France: AFNOR, Tour Europe - Cedex 7, 92080 Paris La Défense).

Angaben über Herstellung, Zertifizierung und Bezugsmöglichkeiten dieser Zertifizierten Europäischen Referenzmaterialien (EURONORM-ZRM) sowie über die Anwendung der in diesem Zertifikat enthaltenen statistischen Daten finden sich in den Mitteilung en Nr. 1 (ECIIS) und Nr. 5 (EGKS), beide zu beziehen durch die nationalen Normenorganisationen. (In Deutschland bei der Vertriebsstelle des DIN: Beuth-Verlag GmbH, Burggrafenstrasse 4-10, 1000 Berlin 30).

Note regarding the presence of metallic iron (Fe°)

As this sample contains 0.35% metallic iron special care should be taken when making determinations involving fusion of the sample. The presence of metallic iron may also cause problems in the determination of:-

free silicon by silver displacement,
loss on ignition,
free carbon,

unless appropriate precautions are taken or corrections applied.

- Comme cet échantillon contient 0.35% de fer métallique, des précautions particulières doivent être prises au cours des procédures incluant une fusion de l'échantillon. La présence de fer métallique peut également poser des problèmes lors de la détermination:

du silicium libre par déplacement de l'argent,
de la perte au feu,
du carbone libre,

si des précautions ne sont pas prises et si des corrections appropriées ne sont pas appliquées.

- Da diese Probe 0.35% metallisches Eisen enthält, sind besondere Vorsichtsmaßnahmen zu ergreifen, wenn Bestimmungen durchgeführt werden, die ein Aufschmelzen der Probe einschließen.

Die Gegenwart metallischen Eisens kann darüber hinaus Störungen hervorrufen bei der Bestimmung

des freien Siliciums durch Freisetzen von Silber aus Silberfluorid,
des Glühverlustes oder
des freien Kohlenstoffs,

wenn nicht geeignete Vorkehrungen getroffen oder Korrekturen angebracht werden

Note regarding calculated SiO_2 content

$\text{SiO}_2 = 11.7$ (calculated from the total oxygen content and the oxygen present in oxides other than SiO_2 .)
 ≈ 11.8 (calculated from the total silicon content and silicon present as silicon carbide and free silicon.)

Taking all the elements cited in this certificate into consideration gives a grand total $\approx 100.2\%$