



National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material[®] 2770

Sulfur in Diesel Fuel Oil (40 mg/kg)

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended for use in the evaluation of methods and the calibration of instruments used in the determination of total sulfur in fuel oils or materials of a similar matrix. SRM 2770 is a commercial “No. 2-D” distillate fuel oil as defined by ASTM D 975-97 *Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oils* [1]. A unit of SRM 2770 consists of 10 amber ampoules, each containing approximately 10 mL of diesel fuel sealed under an argon atmosphere.

Certified Value: The certified sulfur content, provided in Table 1, is based on analyses by isotope dilution thermal ionization mass spectrometry (ID-TIMS) [2]. Homogeneity testing was performed using X-ray fluorescence spectrometry (XRF). A NIST certified value is a value for which NIST has the highest confidence in its accuracy in that all known or suspected sources of bias have been investigated or accounted for by NIST [3]. The expanded uncertainty for the certified value for sulfur is calculated as a 95 % confidence interval where $U = ku_c$. The quantity u_c is intended to represent, at the level of one standard deviation, the combined standard uncertainty calculated according to the ISO and NIST Guides [4]. The coverage factor, $k = 2.31$, corresponds to a t factor obtained from the t -distribution for approximately 8.45 degrees of freedom.

Table 1. Certified Value (mass fraction)

Sulfur: 41.57 mg/kg \pm 0.39 mg/kg

Information Values: Information values are provided in Table 2 for additional properties of SRM 2770. The values are not certified and are given to provide additional information on the matrix, but insufficient information is available to assess adequately the uncertainties associated with the values [3].

Expiration of Certification: The certification of this SRM is valid until **31 December 2015**, within the uncertainty specified, provided the SRM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given in the certificate, see “Instructions for Use”. However, the certification will be nullified if the SRM is damaged, contaminated, or otherwise modified.

Maintenance of SRM Certification: This material is considered to be stable during the period of certification. NIST will monitor this material and will report any significant changes in certification to the purchaser. Registration (see attached sheet) will facilitate notification.

The coordination of the technical measurements leading to the certification of this SRM was provided by W.R. Kelly and G.C. Turk of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

Analytical measurements by ID-TIMS for certification were performed by W.R. Kelly, J.L. Mann, and R.D. Vocke and homogeneity testing by X-ray fluorescence spectrometry was performed by A.F. Marlow and J.R. Sieber of the NIST Analytical Chemistry Division.

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Statistical consultation for this SRM was provided by W.F. Guthrie of the NIST Statistical Engineering Division.

Blending and ampouling were performed under the supervision of M.P. Cronise of the NIST Measurement Services Division.

The support aspects involved in the issuance of this SRM were coordinated through the NIST Measurement Services Division.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Each SRM ampoule should only be opened for the minimum time required to dispense the material. Once an ampoule is opened, it is recommended that the material be used within a period of 8 h to avoid a potential change in the sulfur content. To relate analytical determinations to the certified value in this Certificate of Analysis, a minimum sample mass of 150 mg should be used. The unopened ampoules should be stored under normal laboratory conditions away from direct sunlight.

Table 2. Information Values for Selected Properties

Physical Property Test ^(a)	ASTM Standard Used	Result
Density @ 15 °C @ 60 °F	D 1250-80 (1990) ^{C1} D 4052-96	818.5 kg/m ³ 41.3 API
Flash Point	D 93 (A)-94	93.3 °C
Kinematic Viscosity @ 40 °C	D 445-94 ^{C1}	3.277×10^{-6} m ² /s (3.277 cSt)
Carbon	D 5291-92	85.1 %
Hydrogen	D 5291-92	14.8 %

^(a) These properties were determined by a commercial firm under contract to NIST using ASTM methods. The results are **NOT** certified and are provided as additional information on the matrix.

ASTM Standards

D 93-94	Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester
D 4052-96	Standard Test Method for Density and Relative Density of Liquids by Digital Density Meter
D 445-94 ^{C1}	Standard Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (the Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)
D 1250-80 (1990) ^{C1}	Standard Guide for Petroleum Measurement Tables
D 2274-94	Standard Test Method for Oxidation Stability of Distillate Fuel Oil (Accelerated Method)
D 5291-92	Standard Test Methods for Instrumental Determination of Carbon, Hydrogen, and Nitrogen in Petroleum Products and Lubricants

Source and Preparation of Material: SRM 2770 was prepared at NIST by SRMP by mixing SRM 1624d and SRM 2723a to a target concentration of 42 mg/kg.

REFERENCES

- [1] ASTM D 975-97, *Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oils*; Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol. 05.01, West Conshohocken, PA (1998).
- [2] Kelly, W.R.; Paulsen, P.J.; Murphy, K.E.; Vocke, R.D., Jr.; Chen, L.-T.; *Determination of Sulfur in Fossil Fuels by Isotope Dilution Thermal Ionization Mass Spectrometry*; Anal. Chem., Vol. 66, pp. 2505-2513 (1994).
- [3] May, W.E.; Parris, R.M.; Beck II, C.M.; Fassett, J.D.; Greenberg, R.R.; Guenther, F.R.; Kramer, G.W.; Wise, S.A.; Gills, T.E.; Colbert, J.C.; Gettings, R.J.; MacDonald, B.S.; *Definitions of Terms and Modes Used at NIST for Value-Assignment of Reference Materials for Chemical Measurements*; NIST Special Publication 260-136, U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC, p. 16 (2000).
- [4] ISO; *Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement*; ISBN 92-67-10188-9, 1st ed.; International Organization for Standardization: Geneva, Switzerland (1993); see also Taylor, B.N.; Kuyatt, C.E.; *Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results*; NIST Technical Note 1297, U.S. Government Printing Office: Washington, DC (1994); available at <http://physics.nist.gov/Pubs/>.

Certificate Revision Date History: 24 February 2006 (Editorial changes); 10 March 2005 (Original certificate date).
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Users of this SRM should ensure that the certificate in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program at: telephone (301) 975-6776; fax (301) 926-4751; e-mail srminfo@nist.gov; or via the Internet at <http://www.nist.gov/srm>.